

The Daily Gazetteer!

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4. 1740.

No. 1545.

To RALPH FREEMAN, Esq;



O deal freely with you, I think the malecontent Scribes begin to write better Sense than formerly. They are every Day beseeching the Administration to open its Schemes a little to the Publick, which if they will not do—why then these Gentlemen can neither betray

A broad, nor decry them at Home, with any of Certainty. I protest this is a Hardship upon

But methinks tho' there is but little Hopes of g the Evil radically, of serving Folks in the Se- bladding, or of introducing a False Brother to it what the Ministry are doing, yet many Argu- might be brought to forfeit their Minds, and them (tho' I know there can be nothing more to their Temper) to beat this Mischief with

It is a noble Charity to comfort our Ad- under Affliction, and therefore I will (with Leave) bestow on them a little Advice.

In the first Place let me suggest, that Custom is a Matter. In History we meet with many Instances where a Train of Misfortunes have, like repeated

of Opium, so deaded the Affections, that

ing has been able to force a Sigh, Tear, or other

Mony of Grief. Now to me it seems odd, that

arry in so many Years Practise have not acquir-

Habit of Disappointment; I mean, a Habit of

ing without Complaint. It is remarkable, that

great Spirits rise on beating; and I remember

remarked to the Honour of the French Nation,

the late War, they were still brisk and alert.

our Grumblers mistate them in that as well as

er Method of alleviating Misfortunes: I mean,

ifying Retreats as if more creditable than Victo-

ur Majestys Forces have had the Honour to lose

Battle after more than human Efforts, said the

al to the French King after a Drubbing. Our

Brigade was glorious, says a Chief among the Mur-

ers, the Great Man's Victory is less honourable than

Defeat—On the Strength of this the Faction

, and prepares to charge again. Push this yet

further, and believe that Loss is more praiseworthy

than Gain, and no Disappointment will affect

men again, what yet ask is out of the Common

No Attorney shews his Brief (if he means his

well) and why won't you allow a Minister to

cautious as an Attorney. No Physician reasons

the Apothecary, but prescribes; and this is ra-

l: Because this Skill is supposed to be known

to be called; and his Practice depends strongly on

necess. Every Merchant has his *Arena*, which

disclosed his Rivals would soon undermine and

him out of Business. Suppose one Gentleman

say to another on Change, Sir, I would be glad

to inform me how your Affairs are carried on—

I am endeavouring to supplant you: Woudn't

who heard him raise a Horse-Laugh? Where

is the Difference between putting such a Question

Minister or a Trader? I grant you that the Im-

ence of the Thing is not surprising, but sure the

of it is amazing. An Air of Assurance is as

ary to a Malecontent as to a Fortune-Hunter,

both, I own, have Need of Intelligence. But

its Corinthian Strength of Forehead to insist on

man's betraying himself: or 'tis Hibernal, and

a full Measure of the Knave has a strong Dash

the Fool in't. You have long been endeavouring

to dupe the World, that some Folks have soft

in their Heads. Have a care: If these Peo-

are push'd too far, the Town will begin to think

a whole Faction of Soft Heads. What! Believe

men for keeping their own Counsel! Why it

as if you had no Counsel to keep.

besides, this Uneasiness you express, weakens your

to Penetration. Alas! What's become of the

or the Hague Letter? The famous Informers

had about the Excise Scheme, who made Projects

were they discovered them, are they all hanged,

the Fate of HAINES frightened them from the

service? Is there never a P.C. left, who for Eighteen

Years together may keep a constrained Silence, and then boast of it when he thinks fit to speak? If you are without Pioneers you had best raise the Siege. In the Negotiations with the Spaniards you could come at every Step, gain a Copy of original Papers, or learn what was said at any Conference. The Complaints you now make shew that all these authentick Discoveries were made Abroad: No wonder then your Correspondents acted as they did; no wonder you are for knowing what is now to be done: That Secret once fish'd out, you'd naturally keep your Intros, by communicating it. An Expedition disappointed would acquit the Obligation you are under to the King of Spain's Protection signing the Convention. To be sure 'tis maliciously done to hinder you from being grateful. Yes, between Friends, why should you expect the Ministry should pay for your Intelligence? If by any Accident you do penetrate what's aim'd at; let fly another Pilgrim, as 'tis said the Tarks do a Pidgeon, to save your whistler'd Friends. But don't attempt to flatter, or frightened Folks into talking, where Secrecy is their Duty.

You, Master Freeman, are allow'd to be a cool, considerate Man, and I have heard Malecontents own that when you leave Politicks your Papers are not unentertaining; to you therefore I'll leave it, whether I have not given these People Reason to be satisfy'd, even supposing the Ministry cross enough to keep their Expedition a Secret till 'tis put in Execution. Lord if these Wits would but think a little, tho' to be sure as Wits they have but short Memories, yet they could not but remember that Godolphus and Marlborough kept Expeditions secret, that the Defeat of the French at Blenheim was owing chiefly to this, and that the Disappointment before Tonos happen'd thro' the blabbing of a witty Officer, and the Over-wisdom of a certain Admiral who had too great an Opinion of himself to obey Orders. Precedents, Sir, Precedents are useful among Politicians as well as Scriveners, and therefore since the present Ministry do no more than what has been done by the best of their Predecessors, let us either approve their Draughts or take the Papers they copy off the File.

After all, the excessive Clamour against the Management of the War is not over-prudent in the Party. There is nothing easier than to find Fault, nothing more impossible than to guard against it. If you neglect sending Squadrons into the Mediterranean, that's a capital Fault; and if you do send them, that's a Fault too. Make War in the Indies, and 'tis ascrib'd to your Admiral's Breach of Orders; disapproving the Delights of the Enemy elsewhere, and 'tis given to Chance. Do what you will it can never be right. Why? Because Parties judge of things not by their intrinsic Merit, but by the Affection they have for such as perform them. The present Cavil against the carrying on the War is like one Master of a Playhouse sending an Audience to assess the Projects of another. No Matter how excellent the Tragedy or how just the Performances, those that come to his will his for all that, they act *pro Art & Focc*, the Town is to be had at any Rate, and therefore all they consider is, how the Play may be most effectually damn'd.

But the greatest Absurdity of all is, to pronounce in the same Breath a Sentence against the present War and the future Peace (for some time or other these consummate Politicians think there will be one). What I mean is this: Bailing one Day at the Scarcity of bloody News, and asserting the next that the Spaniards must grant as *Chart Blasph*. I know both these Reports serve the Ends of the Faction; but I know too, that they are expressly contradictory; and therefore, tho' both may be false, both cannot be true. If the Spaniards have been so rudely handled as to offer us our own Terms, the War has answer'd its End; but if this be not true now, it may (I dare say it will) before the End of the Summer. We shall then have these haughty People wher'e we, without beating, might have had them at this time if the Malecontents had never whisper'd we durst not make War or would make nothing of it if we durst.

Our Want of Allies is a standing Complaint. Blest me! they say one Reason is, because our great Poor's Patron escap'd Hanging. If so, I wonder some People will mention Allies. Sure the Faction, tho' they behave brutally towards the King's Servants, should have some Tenderness for their own; for which

Cause I would recommend to them to drop all Thoughts of Allies till the Author of the *Dissertation upon Parties* drops into his Grave. But if they will take no Advice. If our not having any Allies must be the Burthen of the pretended Patriotic Song; why then I say 'tis ridiculous. We need no Allies to humble Spain, we are much an Over-match for them. All Europe knows and sees it. To what End then call our Allies to assist us? Would not the Malecontents urge this as a false Step, or a fatal one? Without question the Opposition's aground when they countenance such Stuff as this. It is in short arguing like the Sophs at the University, not to declare their Opinions, but to act in Character, and maintain any thing to shew their Part, which by way of Exercise is well enough, but when done in earnest is the greatest Jest in the World.

You may see, Freeman, how thoroughly I have studied Pope, by the Freedom with which I use my Bets. But that's the Fashion now. A Man of Spirit shows his Loyalty by praying for an East Wind; his Zeal for his Country, by swearing she's at the Brink of Ruin; and his Good-manners, by drooling on a Minister's Want of Teeth, or an Error in another Gentleman's Taylor. The Religion of a Patriot consists in ridiculing Bishops; his Learning, in applying all that has been said of bad Statesmen to those we have at present; and his Sagacity, in foreseeing worse Evils for the future. In order to set all these good Qualities in the strongest Light, I am told—what I'll make the Business of another Letter. At present I doubt I have exceeded; which, my Subject considered, you will easily excuse.

I am your constant Reader.

Friend, and Correspondent.

JOHN TAOT.

A Political Receipt.
Of Pride a Pound, take thrice as much Ill nature,
And if it can't be had, a Pen for Satire;
Some Learning, dash'd with Wit and warm with
Malice;
A Fund of Scandal, tho' his Tales are all Lies;
Scarr'd be his Conscience, his Pen us'd to writing;
Fluent his Tongue, on either Side inditing;
With pers'nal Prejudice these Talents season,
And cast o'er all a thin Leaf-gold of Reason;
Then turn him forth,—to let the Fashion take
him,
And Graft or Common-Sense—man let 'em make him.

Rome, May 15. N. S.
THE Managements in the Conclave are still carried on with great Heat, the Albani and Cernini Factions are using all Artifices to have the Election of the new Pope fall upon an Adherent of one of their Parties, and the French, Imperial, and Spanish Cardinals, united together, have formed a third Faction which greatly disconcerts the Schemes of the two former, inasmuch that in all Appearance the Successor to the See of Rome will not easily be determined. The Cardinals Coito, del Giudice, Delci, and Cencio, have of late been taken ill in the Conclave. On the 9th M. de St. Aignan, accompanied by the Marquis de l'Hopital the French Ambassador for the Court of Naples, had a long Conference with the Cardinals de Rohan, Beauillon and Tencin, in consequence of the Instructions which they lately received from the French Court. On the 11th, Cardinal Pottia came out of the Conclave, having the Day before ordered his Furniture to be removed thence to his Palace, under Pretence of Indisposition, but it is said the Disappointment he has met with, and the great Disagreements in the Conclave, are the only Reasons of his withdrawing from thence. The same Day the French Ambassador entertain'd at Dinner the Prince Craan, who has fin'd his Departure hence to the 16th Inst. on his Return to Tuscany by the Way of Loretto.

HOME PORTS

Dad, June 2. Wind N. E. Remain in the Downs the Chichester and Dragon Men of War. Came down and sail'd thro' the Agnes and Elizabeth, Began for Virginia. Arrived the Georg, Teague, from Gibraltar, last from Dartmouth.

6021



L O N D O N .

The Barbados Packet, Dawson, of and belonging to Mountsbay, in going from Pool to Falmouth, was, near the English shore, surprized by a Spanish Privateer under the Appearance of a French Fishing-Smack, and carried to Morlaix.

Yesterday both Houses of Parliament met pursuant to their last Prorogation, and (by Virtue of a Commission signed by the Lords Justices of the Regency, directed to the Right Hon. Benjamin Earl of Fitzwaver, Treasurer of his Majesty's Household, the Right Hon. Pattee Lord Viscount Torrington, the Right Hon. John Lord Delawar, and others) were further prorogued to the 8th of July next.

Yesterday the Lord Chancellor held the Second Seal before Trinity Term at Lincoln's-Inn Hall, when a Dispensation passed the Great Seal, to enable the Rev. Francis Millman, A. M. Chaplain to the Right Right Rev. Dr. Secker, Lord Bishop of Oxford, to hold the Rectory of East Ogwell, in the County of Devon and Diocese of Exeter, together with the Vicarage of Abbots Skewell, in the aforesaid County and Diocese.

The same Day was held a Board of Admiralty, when their Lordships were pleased to put into Commission the Lark, a 40 Gun Ship, and gave the Command thereof to the Lord George Graham, Son to his Grace the Duke of Montrose.

The Adventure, which his Lordship was Captain of, being render'd unfit for Service, all the Officers and Crew belonging to her, are ordered to be turned over to the Lark.

On Sunday last a Fire broke out at the House of Mr. Gillham, a Farmer, at Barnwell near Cambridge, but by timely Assistance it was extinguished without doing much Damage.

It is thought it was set on Fire on Purpose, it breaking out in a Straw House the farther End of the Yard, and the Family being at the same Time at Cambridge.

B A N K R U P T S .

Richard Brown of Flushing court in the Precinct of St. Catherine's, in the County of Middlesex, Merchant, Dealer, and Chapman.

William Weaver of Red-cross-street, London, Broker and Chapman.

James Fretwell, of Shepperton, in the County of Middlesex, Ropemaker and Victualler.

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|---------------------|---|---------|---|---------|----|
| High Water this Day | 3 | Morning | 6 | Evening | 31 |
| at London Bridge. | | | | | |

Bank Stock 142 3-4ths to 143. India 164. South Sea 102 1-half, 5-8ths. Old Annuity 112 3-4ths New ditto 113. Three per Cent. 102 1-half. Seven per Cent. Loan 111 1-half. Five per Cent. ditto 95 3-4ths. Royal Assurance 93. London Assurance 11 1-4th. African 10. India Bonds 51. 3 s. Prem. Bank Circulation 51. 7 s. 6 d. Prem. Salt Tallies 1-4th to 1-half Prem. English Copper 31. 6 s. 6 d Welsh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 103 1-half. Three per Cent. ditto 97. Million Bank 116. Equivalent 110 1-8th. Lottery Tickets 51. 1 s. 6 d.

WHÈRÈAS on the 19th of May 1740, a Commission pass'd the Great Seal of the High Court of Admiralty in pursuance of his Majesty's Sign Manual dated the 12th of the same Month, appointing Commissioners for disposing of the Ships St. Joseph and St. Jago Prizes, and their Cargoes:

This is to give Notice, That on Wednesday the 12th Day of August next will be put up to Sale in the Long Room at the Customhouse London, by the Commissioners therein named, the Cargo of the St. Joseph Prize, viz. 5511 Bags 96 Screens 1 Chest 5 Casks of Cocoa Nuts, 10 Yards 1 Lump of Cocoa Fat, 19 Kegs 1 Bag 1 Box 1 Parcel Cocoa Paste, 655 Bales 12 Bags 1 Keg 2 Parcels 1 Basket Spanish Tobacco, 1 Chest of Cotton Wooll, 1 Bag Sarsaparilla, 95 Blocks 89 Sticks Lignum Vite, 1 Bag of Snuff, 5 Pieces of Iron wood, 82 Cedar Planks and 2 Cedar Boards, 52 Cow Hides, 14 Bundles of Pieces of Cow Hides and 3 single Pieces, 1 Iron Beam, 1 Bag of Brass Weights, 2 loose Brass Weights, and 1 Surgeon's Chest.

Catalogues of the said Goods, with the Conditions of Sales, will be delivered at the Warehouses on Butolph-wharf, Where the Goods will be exposed to View from the 30th of July between the Hours of Nine and Twelve in the Morning, and from Two to Six in the Afternoon, until the Day of Sale.

THE Creditors of Edwin Griffin, and Goldsborough Griffin, late of Harroworth in the County of Middlesex, Esquires, deceased, are desired forthwith to send an Account of their respective Debts to Mr. Gilbert Jodrell, Attorney at Law, at his House over-against Lincoln's Inn Gate, Chancery-Lane. And all Persons indebted to the said Edwin Griffin and Goldsborough Griffin, are hereby required to pay their several Debts to the said Mr. Jodrell, who is duly authorized to receive the same, or they will forthwith be sued.

For the Benefit of Mr. CIBBER.

At the Theatre Royal in Covent-Garden, Tomorrow, being Thursday the 5th of June, will be presented a Comedy call'd

THE R E H E A R S A L .

The Part of Bayes to be perform'd by Mr. CIBBER With an additional Reinforcement of Mr. Bayes's new-rais'd Troops. Also the Musick, Songs, Dances, Scenes, Machines, Habits, and other Decorations proper to the Play. With Entertainments of Danceing, &c. between the Acts.

N.B. Tickets deliver'd out for the Alchymist will be taken to the Rehearsal.

This Day is Published,
(Price Bound Three Shillings.)

FRENCH RUDIMENTS: Consisting of — A GRAMMAR of the Language every-way Better than Any, and more Comprehensive than All; — A VOCABULARY of the most usual WORDS; — A SENTENTIA of the most familiar Phrases; — A DICTIONARY of the most beautiful Idioms; — and A FLORILEGUS of the finest Pieces, from the best Writers (both Ancient and Modern) in Prose and Verse; — with VARIETY of other Curious and Useful Particulars.

By SOLOMON LOWE.

Sold by J. OSBORN, in Pater-noster-Row; J. NOON, in Cheapside; and S. BALDARD, in Little-Britain; as also at the AUTHOR'S House in Hammersmith.

SUBSCRIBERS may have their Books at J. OSBORN'S, with an Abstract of the Fundamentals (in ONE PAGE) the Price of which to Others will be 3 d.

This Day is Published,
(Price SIX-PENCE)

(Adorn'd with two Copper Plate Cuts; one representing Mrs. Branch and her Daughter's Cruelties towards their Maid; the other shewing them making their Servant Boy eat his own Excrement.)

The Fourth Edition of

THE Cruel Mistress: Being, the Genuine Trial of Mrs. Elizabeth Branch, and her own Daughter, for the Murder of Jane Butterworth, their Servant Maid: Who were executed on Saturday May 3, 1740, at Ivelchester in the County of Somerset. Together with an Account of their Lives, the many Cruelties they were guilty of, their Behaviour under Sentence of Death, and their Last Dying Speeches, made at the Place of Execution.

Sold at Caleb D'Anvers's Head in the Old Bailey, and by the Booksellers in Town and Country.

Where may be had,

The SUFFOLK PARRICIDE: Being the Life, Trial, and Last Dying Words of Charles Drew, who was executed for the Murder of his own Father.

To be sold by AUCTION,

(By Order of the Administrator.)

On Monday the 9th of June, 1740, and the following Days,

ALL the Genuine Household Furniture, Pictures, Plate, Jewels, Pearls, China, Linen, and Wearing Apparel of GOLDSBOROUGH GRIFFIN, Esq; deceased, at his late Dwelling-House at Harroworth, near Colnbrook in Middlesex. Likewise his Chariot, Chair, and Harness, Three Coach-Horses, a Chaife-Horse, a Mare and Colt, a Waggon and Cart, a large Parcel of Hay, Corn, Timber, and Fire-Wood. A Compleat Brew-house, with sundry other Useful Materials.

The Goods, &c. to be view'd on Friday the 6th Instant to the Time of Sale; which will begin each Day at 11 o'Clock precisely.

Catalogues will be delivered gratis, the Days of Viewing, at Mr. Pamplin's, Upholder, in Burleigh-street, Exeter Exchange; at Mr. Hearne's, Upholder, in the Strand; and at the Place of Sale.

J. HEATH, Auctioneer.

This Day is Publish'd,

[Price Four-pence.]

A WHOLE SHEET PLATE, Curiously engraved on Copper, and printed on Royal Paper, fit to be framed

ENGLAND's GLORY: Or, Admiral VERNON's Taking PORTO-BELLO.

This Plate not only contains a more exact and perfect Description of the Town, Forts, Castles and Harbour of Porto Bello, than any yet exhibited to the Publick, but the true Situation (as when engaged in the Attack) of the Six Men of War, with whom Brave VERNON performed that Glorious, and not to be parallel'd Exploit. It justly represents the English Sailors landing in the very Mouth of the Cannon of the Iron Castle; their Vigour and Activity in scaling the Walls; and their undaunted Courage and Resolution in driving out the Spaniards and possessing themselves thereof. It also shews the Disposition of the Spanish Guarda Costas and Sloops that were either sunk or fell into the Hands of the British Conquerors.

To be had at Caleb D'Anvers's Head in the Old Bailey, and of the Carriers of News.

THE PROCEEDINGS at the S

SIONS of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, on the City of London and County of Middlesex, on the 22d, Friday the 23d, and Saturday the 24th of May before the Right Hon. Sir JOHN SALTER, Knight, Mayor of the City of London, Mr. Justice William Parker, Mr. Justice Parker, Mr. Baron WRIGHT, Sir John Knight, Recorder, Mr. Serjeant Urbin, &c.

Containing the Trials at large of

Ann Armstrong, for stealing a Silver Tankard; Arthur Bestell, for assaulting Mr. Edwards, knocking him down, and robbing him of his Watch and Money near Lane.

John Clark, otherwise Smith, otherwise Fogg, for affing Mr. Mason in the Fields near Paneras, and robbing him of a Watch, &c.

For which Facts they receiv'd Sentence of Death.

Also the remarkable Trials of Rochford Fitzgerald, for uttering and publishing to pretend to be under the Hand of Richard Lustre Company, knowing the same to be False and Counterfeit to defraud Mess. Knight and Shuttleworth, &c.

Martha Harding, and Rachael Bowring, for picking Pocket of John Pepper.

Elizabeth Pooley, and Ann Miller, for a Robbery Highway.

With many other Curious Trials.

Printed for T. COOPER, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row. Of whom may be had complete Sets of the Proceedings several Sessions during the last Year, Price 4*s.* or an former Parts of this Price 6*d.* each.

BUGGS



WHÈRÈAS I have made it my Business to destroy the nauseous Vermin called BUGGS, at a reasonable Price, being done with the least Damage either to Bed, Bed-Furniture, or Furniture, be the same ever so fine, and what is used is without any five Smell. I likewise undertake pits, or other large Buildings, at reasonable Conditions; and after I entirely destroy'd them, if any should happen the Year to be brought in by People's Cloaths from other which may happen to new Furniture rather than to have cured and cleansed, then and in such Case I promise them gratis. Those noble Persons, and others who desirous to be rid of them, may be waited upon, write to me, JOHN WILLIAMS, at the following Office, viz. Janeway's, in Cornhill; Richard's, near Temple, the Rainbow, in Lancaster-Court, Charing-Cross, or my House in Noble-street, near the Two Brewers, Parish of St. Luke, near Old-street.

The Universal Family MEDICINE

Still more and more fam'd, after upwards of 15 Success with the Publick.

Is sold by the Author's Appointment, by Mr. King, in the Poultry, near the Royal Exchange; by Mr. Hosier, at the Sign of the Duke of Cumberland, in St. Paul's Alley, near Leicester Fields; by Mr. Thomas the Postmaster of Bungay in Suffolk; and by Mr. King, Bookseller in York; at 3*s.* the Bottle Retail. It is to be taken at any Season of the Year, in very agreeable to Young and Old, that Children it without Trouble, a few Drops being a Dose so gentle, that it weakens not the body, but it is a safe and effectual Alternative; to be less Dose than where Purging is necessary, no violence inherent in this Medicine, which is a Property well known to the Learned, to be in some Medicines.

It is in particular, **A**CERTAIN and INFALLIBLE CURE for SCURVY, tho' of the longest Standing, and with the most aggravated Circumstances (a Disease common to English People, that not one in a thousand is exempt from it, and great Numbers are sorely affil'd by it) being a cordial Elixir, peculiarly adapted to that Disease in all its Forms of appearing, from the slight Inflammation in the Blood, to its utmost or last Efforts on Nature.

For it is a true Specifick Cordial, that perfectly cures the Diffemper by gentle Evacuation, by Stool and Urine, only sure and effectual Way perfectly to cure the scurvy and prevent Relapses (notwithstanding what may be the contrary) the Truth of which is witnessed to daily by many Thousands that have taken this Medicine. It perfectly rectifies the Blood and Juices, that scrophulous Persons are speedily cured by it; and all Spots, Blotches, Pustules, &c. on the Skin, are quickly and entirely taken off, the Patients made lively and brisk, many chronick Diseases cured, and a due State of Health secured.

It removes all Pain in the Stomach, helps Digestions, opens Obstructions, and is peculiarly serviceable to those inclined to, or troubled with the Green Sickness. This Medicine in the World to destroy Worms in Children and Old People, and prevent their Return; for it severs away the Tapeworm, viscid Humours which breed them in their Bowels, is well adapted to all Constitutions, that it is esteemed both in City and Country, the most general Medicine that ever was known to preserve Health, and to be of no Business or Recreation.

Good Allowance is given Wholesale by Mr. King for Money to County Shopkeepers, &c. to sell again. The Medicine will keep many Years in any Climate.

The Directions given with it are large and full.